

A scoping review of art-based interventions on youth mental health in school and community settings in the Nordics (Research team presentation)

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Background:



- □ Complementing a broader project (YIPEE).
- □ Adolescence is a pivotal and foundational phase of life (10 to 19 years old) (1)
- \Box 25% of the world's population (1.8 billion individuals).(1)
- □ Susceptibility to mental disorders.(2)
- Arts-based practices interventions have drawn more attention in mental health settings .(3)
- Utilizing emotional, spiritual, social needs to promote mental health.(3)
- Nordic countries are firmly committed to protecting and promoting youth's mental health.(4)
- Iack of comprehensive reviews mapping the existing evidence and identifying gaps in knowledge.

Aim of the study:



The aim of the study is to increase the understanding of the types and key-findings of artbased interventions that focus on improving the mental health and well-being of adolescents in schools and communities in the Nordics.

Research questions:

- 1. What evidence exists on the types of arts-based interventions and their key findings targeting adolescent mental health and well-being in schools and communities in the Nordic countries?
- 2. What gaps exist in the current literature of arts-based interventions for adolescent mental health in school and communities in the Nordic countries?

- Scoping review was conducted based on :
- Study design
- □ Study setting
- □ Search strategy and search string
- □ Study selection
- Data collection and analysis



Table 1. Eligibility criteria.

No	Framework	Included	Excluded
1	P (Population)	• Children	• Articles that do not have children (10-19) in the participants.
		Youth from 10 to 19 years	Articles with only adults.,
2	I (Intervention)	Creative arts.	 Studies related to the arts-based intervention in a clinical-psychiatric setting.
			 Related to therapy or treatments.
		 Expressive arts programs, courses, classes, activities, workshops 	 The intervention refers to passive intake of art without any creativity from the participants.
3	C (Context/setting)	 Activities developed in School, after- school, community settings in Nordic countries. 	 Activities developed in clinical or psychiatric settings and conducted by clinicians.
4	O (Out comes)	• The intervention targets mental health, well-being or positive mental health.	 The intervention targets uniquely physical outcomes, therapeutic purposes outcomes not related to mental health.
		 All articles refer to mental health promotion and prevention related to arts- based intervention. 	Doesn't include mental health or well-being in the outcomes.
5	S (Studies Methods)	Peer reviewed	Grey literature.
		 experimental methods, intervention or implementation of arts based. 	 Unpublished studies, systematic literature reviews and metanalysis.
		 Qualitative, quantitative and mixed methods studies. 	• The study does not contain any intervention.
		English language	 Non-English language.

Results:



Selected literature



Figure 1. PRISMA 2020 flow diagram for scoping review

Types of intervention:

Drama, Mixed, Craft, Dance, Music, Poetry

Common outcomes:

- Improved emotional well-being
- Enhanced self-expression
- Increased resilience
- Improved social connectedness
- Improved student-teacher relationships
- Boosted self-esteem and self-confidence
- Strengthened cultural identity and inclusion

□ Reviewed articles gaps



Conclusion:

- □ The positive impact of interventions.
- □ Limited studies prevent generalization of the results.
- □ Similarity in outcomes with reviews from deferent geographical regions.
- □ Improvement in student-teacher relationships.
- Future research should focus on long-term outcomes to assess sustainability of the interventions.

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Thank you !